

DIFERENT DATA SOURCES FOR DATA COLLECTION

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DATA SOURCES

- **Census (after ten years)**
- **Surveys (Frequency varies)**
- **Administrative Data (Regularly)**

Census

- **Next Census - 2019**
 - Mapping and pilot in progress
 - Use of New Technology
- **Questions on Asset Ownership at HHD level**
 - Land
 - Dwelling
 - HHD goods
- **Participation in farming: crop, livestock, fishing tree planting**

Surveys

- **Health Expenditure and Utilisation Survey (2 years)**
- **Integrated Household Budget Survey (5 years)**
- **Financial Investment Survey (Annually)**
- **ICT (Annually)**
- **Demographic and Health Survey (5 years)**

Administrative Sources

- **Ministries (Lands, Housing etc)**
- **State Corporations (Registrar of motor vehicles, commercial machinery etc)**
- **Private Sector**
- **Counties**

Advantages and Disadvantages

	Advantages	Disadvantages
Census	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Accurate count of the entire population• Captures a wide spectrum of data and characteristics of the country's population• Wide coverage of the population and other variables	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Very Expensive▪ Takes Long Intervals▪ Compromised due to illiteracy in some areas▪ Planning takes a long time▪ Unreliable responses/coverage

Advantages and Disadvantages Contd.

	Advantages	Disadvantages
Survey	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Relatively easy to administer• Can be developed in less time (compared to other data-collection methods)• Cost-effective, but cost depends on survey mode• Can be administered remotely online, mobile devices, mail, email, or telephone.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Respondents may not feel comfortable providing answers.• Respondents may not be fully aware because of lack of memory• Surveys with closed-ended questions may have a lower validity rate than other question types.• Data errors due to question non-responses may exist.• Survey question answer options could lead to unclear data due to wrong interpretation by different respondents

Advantages and Disadvantages Contd.

	Advantages	Disadvantages
Administrative Data	<p>Self-reporting</p> <p>Using administrative data is also advantageous for uncovering information that a survey respondent is unlikely to provide in an interview. Because the data record for an individual or case is likely viewed by staff, opportunities exist for correcting and updating the data fields.</p> <p>The value of this is even greater when the old information is maintained in addition to the updates.</p>	<p>Poor record keeping and management by most institutions</p>

Goal 5: Indicators

- 5.1.1: Legal frameworks are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex
- 5.a.1: (a) Proportion of total agricultural population with ownership or secure rights over agricultural land, by sex;
(b) Share of women among owners or rights-bearers of agricultural land, by type of tenure
- 5.a.2: Legal framework (including customary law) guarantees women's equal rights to land ownership and/or control
- 5.b.1: Proportion of individuals who own a mobile telephone, by sex
- 5.c.1: Systems to track and make public allocations for gender equality and women's empowerment
(UWEZO, WEF and Youth Fund to be merged into Biashara Kenya Fund)

Thank you!!
